



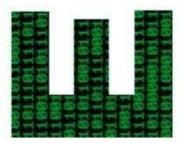


## EcoDesign in the Textile sector

Unit 7: Sustainability certifications in the textile sector **UNIT QUIZ** 









N°	Question
1	A company is sustainable if it does not pollute
2	Sustainability has two aspects: environmental and economic
3	Sustainability has two aspects: environmental and social
4	Sustainability has three aspects: environmental, economic and social
5	Economic sustainability consists of:
6	Social sustainability consists of trying to create jobs
7	Social sustainability represents the ability to guarantee conditions of human well-being (safety, health, education) equally distributed by class and by gender
8	Environmental sustainability represents the ability to produce respecting the environment
9	EU Ecolabel is an international product certification
10	EU Ecolabel is a European ecological quality label
11	EU Ecolabel is applicable only to textile products
12	The entire life cycle of the product is evaluated for the issue of the EU Ecolabel
13	The Ecolabel criteria are defined by a single state commission
14	EU Ecolabel criteria are defined at European level with a broad participation of stakeholders, including producer, consumer and environmental associations
15	EU Ecolabel criteria concern only the chemical safety of the product

16	The EU Ecolabel criteria also cover aspects concerning the health and safety of consumers and, where relevant, the main social and ethical aspects of production processes
17	The EU Ecolabel is aimed at companies
18	The EU Ecolabel is aimed at consumers
19	The EU Ecolabel guarantees that certified products, in addition to high performance, have a reduced environmental impact throughout the entire life cycle certified by independent bodies (national competent bodies) recognized at European level
20	The EU Ecolabel guarantees that certified products, in addition to high performance, have a reduced environmental impact along the entire life cycle certified by independent bodies (national competent bodies) recognized internationally
21	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is the ecological certification for textiles and accessories
22	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is the ecological certification for textile companies
23	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is a trademark issued by the European community
24	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is a mandatory certification
25	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is a voluntary certification
26	It is possible to certify with Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX®:
27	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is a certification that originated in Italy
28	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® is a certification that is born in the German-speaking countries (Switzerland, Austria and Germany)

29	The OEKO-TEX® Association deals with the problems of chemical substances in any type of article, including textile products.
30	The OEKO-TEX® Association carries out research and tests in the field of Textile Ecology
31	The OEKO-TEX® Association consists of more than 40 laboratories all over the world
32	The OEKO-TEX® Association consists of 16 Institutes in Europe and Japan and more than 40 offices worldwide
33	Companies that certify their product as Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® will have to carry out different lab tests according to the country in which they are located.
34	Companies that certify their product as Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® will have to carry out the same lab tests regardless of the country in which they are located.
35	The test methods and the type of tests carried out on the same type of textile article do not undergo variations in relation to the country of origin
36	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification does not take into account the mandatory requirements
37	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification covers only mandatory requirements in Europe
38	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification covers all the mandatory requirements of the REACh Regulation
39	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification covers mandatory requirements that are in Annex XVII of the REACh Regulation
40	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification takes care of evaluating those critical substances in the textile sector on the SVHC list of the REACh Regulation



52	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification is designed to protect the health of the consumer
53	The Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification establishes company audits
54	The OEKO-TEX® controls of toxic substances have been designed taking into consideration also the intended use of fabrics and products
55	The OEKO-TEX® requirements of toxic substances do not vary depending on the intended use of the product.
56	The OEKO-TEX® requirements of toxic substances have two levels: class I for children and class II for all other types of articles
57	In how many classes are the OEKO-TEX® requirements for toxic substances divided?
58	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, class I contains the requirements for children
59	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, a curtain is classified in class II
60	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, the modular system consists of:
61	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification is a certification for chemical products used in the textile industry
62	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification is a certification for accessories
63	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification is a company certification for producers of chemical products



64	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification consists of three phases: screening, laboratory tests and company audits
65	Phase 3, the Audit, of the ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification:
66	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification and of the ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification, each certificate has a unique identification number and is valid for one year.
67	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certified products will be included in the ZDHC Chemical Gateway platform.
68	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certified products concern only the textile sector.
69	GOTS makes it possible to produce and promote textile products that respect the environment and the fundamental social rights of workers
70	The GOTS standard defines very restrictive environmental and social criteria that apply to all stages of production
71	GOTS allows to produce and promote ecological textile products
72	GOTS certifies organic fibers and does not provide indications on social aspects

73	Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® assesses the health and safety of workers
74	Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® assesses the working conditions
75	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification assess the social aspects
76	A dyestuff can be certified according to the ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® Standard
77	A pigment can be certified according to the STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX®
78	A dyed polyester fabric can be certified according to the ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® Standard
79	Since 1992 the main aim of the STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX® is the development of verification criteria, limit values and test methodologies on a theoretical basis
80	Since 1992 the main aim of the STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX® is the development of verification criteria, limit values and scientific test methodologies
81	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, if the product is addressed to children, the human-ecological requirements to be met are less restrictive
82	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, the product class II refers to articles used in direct and prolonged contact with the skin (underwear, bed linen, t-shirts, socks, etc.)
83	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, the product class I refers to si riferisce to decorative / decorative materials (curtains, tablecloths, upholstery for upholstered furniture, etc.)
84	In the framework of the Standard 100 by OEKO-TEX® certification, an analysis must be carried out each time a textile product is worked or a chemical modification of the product is carried out



85	The term "sustainable development" is more appropriate than the term "sustainability"
86	"Sustainable development":
87	The problem of sustainability is relevant only for the textile sector
88	All European textile companies are certified STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX® as a binding requirement to be able to work
89	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification is a mandatory certification
90	The ECO PASSPORT by OEKO-TEX® certification is a voluntary certification
91	A STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX® certified bleach can be used in a sustainable textile supply chain
92	A company that has to certify its products STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX® must only be supplied with certified raw materials.

